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AIR FORCE
FOREIGN
TECHNOLOGY
DIVISION



CHINESE DEFENSE-RELATED TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND IMPLEMENTATION (U)



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SUMMARY

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CHINESE DEFENSE-RELATED TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND IMPLEMENTATION (U)

Stephen D. Williamson (TQTM)

Keypoints (U): _	111	·
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 (U) The Ministry of National Defense and the People's Liberation Army (PLA) determine the desirability of acquiring foreign material for use by various units of the PLA.

DSGZ ponents controls one or more specialized importexport corporations to acquire equipment and technology from foreign sources.

Discussion (U)

A. Organizational Structure for Technolog, Acquisition (U) ...

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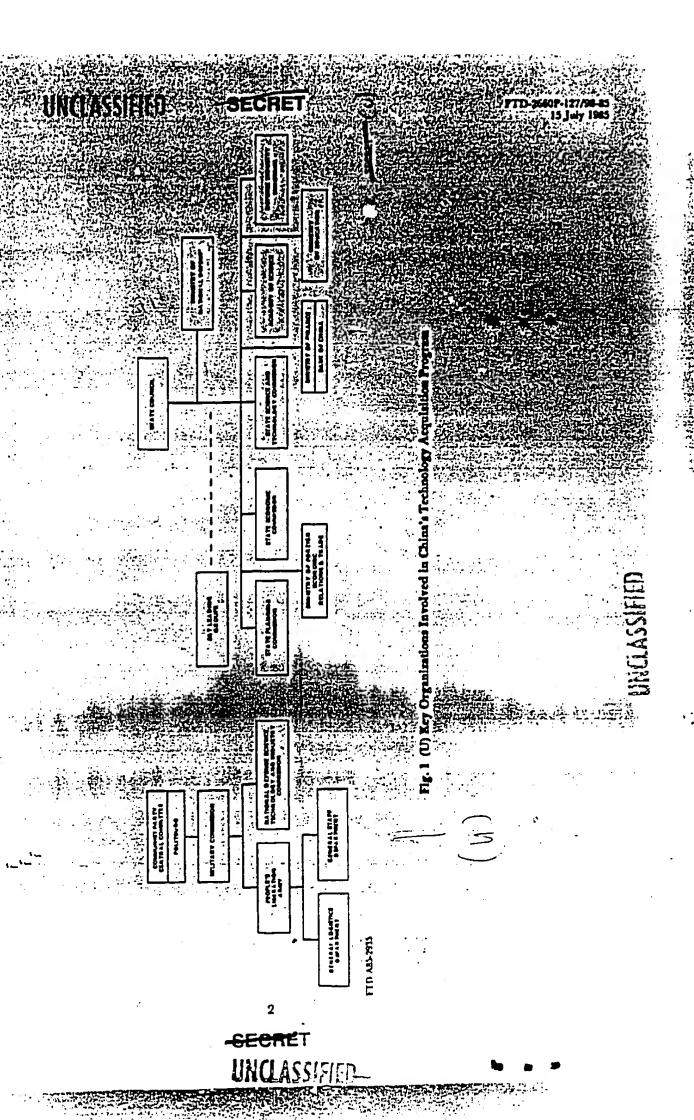
A.1. Politburo and Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party (U)

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- (U) In regard to the purchase of foreign technology and products, the Polithuro and Central Committee probably are responsible for:
 - (U) The fundamental decision to turn away from strict self-reliance and to import significant volumes of foreign goods and technology;
 - (U) The decisions setting priority areas for modernization and the resultant priorities for imports;
 - (U) The selection of key officials to head up the modernization drive and to oversee the implementation of the importation policies;
 - (U) The decision regarding the "acceptable" degree of dependence upon foreign sources of supply; and,
 - (U) The decision to get into debt to finance imports.

A.2. State Council (U)

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Fig. 2 (U) Chinese Domestic Organizations and Processes for the Acquisition of Foreign Technology

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(U) The SPC is the primary agency charged with preparing and executing mid- and long-range economic plans. It is responsible for the aggregation, coordination, and approval of plans developed by other major agencies (state ministries) and provincial and localplanning elements.

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A.3. Military Commission (U)

(f) The Military Commission of the Communist Party is the apex of China's military establishment. Members of the Commission deal with macro policy issues; their decisions set forth overall military goals and objectives and establish the framework for more detailed Ministry of Defense policies. The Military Commission is responsible for determining the role of imports in modernizing military capabilities in priority areas. Additionally, the Commission presumably reviews implementing steps taken by elements of the Ministry of National Defense and the People's Liberation Army.

A.4. National Defense Science. Technology and Industry Commission (NDSTIC) (U)

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A.5. The Defense Industrial Sector (U)

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- (U) Establishing modernization priorities in their sector;
- (l') Deciding or recommending which specific technologies or equipment to import;
- · (U) Paying for technology acquisitions; and,
- (U) Accepting and assimilating foreign technology.

A.6. Ministry of National Defense/People's

(b) The Ministry of National Defense (MND) and the People's Liberation Army (PLA) have a variety of responsibilities for the selection, development, and production of weapons and materiel. These responsibilities include:

- (U) Identifying, planning, and anticipating requirements for specific types and quantities of weapons and materiel;
- (U) Levying requirements through channels upon the appropriate industrial sectors and organizations. Such requirements should involve design/divelopment considerations, production quotas, or criteria for importation;
- (U) Monitoring, through on-site representatives, research, design engineering, production, and quality control activities for defense plants and R&D facilities;
- (U) Conducting materiel acceptance tests, both on-site at production enterprises and at PLA test facilities, ranges, and proving grounds.
- (U) Determining the desirability to acquiring foreign materiel for use by validate thinks the PLA.
- (U) The above functions of the MND and PLA are conducted by and through stall and support elements of the Ministry, the General Staff Department (GSD) and the General Logistics Department (GLD) of the PLA and the respective service arms. The GSD is the main element for exercising overall operational control over the PLA and its component service elements (e.g., air force, ballistic missile, engineer corps). In this capacity, the GSD reviews existing doctrine and strategy and formulates new strategic concepts that provide the framework for the PLA to conduct its mission. This function has significant implications for weapons and

materiel procurement and, therefore, the acquisition of foreign systems. The overall operational concepts formulated by the GSD serve as parameters for specific weapons procurement requirements. The nature of the requirements in turn may lead to the purchase of foreign equipment which the Chinese defense industries are unable to readily produce, or to force importation of new machinery in order to satisfy PLA materiel specifications. An "Armament Department" and "an "Equipment Department" have been identified as subunits of the GSD. These departments are believed to be involved in the requirements generation and procurement processes. Such corganizations with involvement in either process would have an effect on China's purchase of foreign military technology.

- (U) The GLD has a widespread network that handless logistical and procurement matters down through each echelon of the PLA. The overall mission of the GLD system arrived as follows: "The General Logistical Department establishes logistical policy for the Chinese armed forces and supervises its implementation. At each successive level down to regiment, a rear services department serves as the supply and service component of the communical military stall. Rear services departments coordinate and control all logistic support activity including procurement and storage of supplies medical and veterinary care, transportation, quartering, finance and salvage.
- (U) The scope of the GLD's functions and the extensiveness of its apparatus permit it to interface with the technology acquisition program in several ways. Its effect on the acquisition of foreign products includes the following:
 - (U) Buving, receiving, and storing foreign material:
 - (U) Distributing imported goods among PLA units:
 - (U) Approving or rejecting foreign machinery imported by defense industrial plants for use in the manufacture of PLA contracted systems or materiel;
 - (U) Draffing weapons and materiel requirements in such a way that defense industrial plants are forced to modernize their equipment through the importation of foreign technologies or mathinery; and,
 - (U) Monitoring the quality of foreign purchases destined for PLA use.

A.7. Chinese Academy of Science (U)

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A 8. Financing (U)

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B. Technology Transfer Programs Implementation (U)

B.1. Defense Import-Export Corporations (U)

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(U) MAJOR CHINESE DEFENSE INDUSTRY-AFFILIATED TRADE ORGANIZATIONS

TRADE ORGANIZATION	DEFENSE INDUSTRY AFFILIATION	
	Ministry of Nuclear Industry	The state of the s
(U) Thinese Acres Technology Impacts Export Corporation	Ministry of Aeronautics Industry	
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(A) Electronic Technology Import-Export Corporation	Ministry of Electronics Industry	
(V) Northern Industries Corporation	Ministry of Ordnance Industry	
(M) China State Shipbuilding Corporation	hine State Shipbeliding Corporation	
(4) Gnat Wall Industrial Corposition	Ministry of Autonautica Industry	
(U) Precision Machinery Import-Export Corporation	Ministry of Astronautica Industry	
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(U) New Era Corporation (Ninshidai)	Various	
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(U) Polytrchoologies Corporation	arious	
Bardi Corporation	LA General Staff Department	
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(I) Pinche Electronics Company	LA Air Force	
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B.2. Ministry of Foreign Economic Relations (1997) and Trade (U)		
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TABLE II

(U) SELECTED NATIONAL IMPORT AND EXPORT CORPORATIONS UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS AND TRADE

OF THE MINISTRY OF PORCE	2011 20011011	
property of the state of the st	9	AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY
CORPORATION	ACRONYM	The state of the s
France Corneration	INSTRIMPEX	Computers, telecommunications equipment,
China Parional Instruments Import-Export Corporation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		the same and moderation materials to the fact that the
		The state of the s
ر با و مراور ا مراور الأمام		airborne and land applications, industrial and scientific control and analysis instrumentation
24.00 (3) cm	Constant of the Constant of th	7.6 TO 1.1 TO 1.
China National Machinery Import-Export Corporation	MACHIMPEX	Machinery, transport equipment, bearings,
Child (distant statutes) amper		mining equipment is
	以外,是是是	Complete plants, spare parts for complete plants
China National Technical Import Corporation	TECHIMPORT	patents, advanced technologies
California	可可能和特別	the second of th
China National Chartering Corporation	SINOCHART	Chartering vessels and booking shipping space
	SINOCHEM	Chemicals, rubber, petroleum, fertilisers,
China National Chemicals Impore Export Corporation		pharmaceuricals
	COMPLANT	Exports of complete plants, equipment, and
China National Complete Plant Export Corporation		spare parts
	TARISH THE	Storage of foreign trade commodities, container
China National Foreign Trade Storage Corporation		services, and exchange of storage recommended
	SINOTRANS	Chartering, booking space, consolidating cargos
China National Foreign Trade Transportation Corporation		arranging customs circumster and Cargo
		inspection
and the state of t	INDUSTRY	General merchandise, paper, toya, sporting
China National Light Industrial Products Import-Export	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	goods, china, jewelry, and precious stones
Corporation	CHINATEX	Textile varn, labrica, man-made and natural
China National Textiles Import-Export Corporation		fibers, clothing, and knitwear
	on MINMETALS	Ferrous and nonferrous metals, ores, mererals,
China National Metals and Minerals Import-Export Curporat		coal, crment, and hardware
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* (U)	410	Aba Calaira Danahisian Chinese profes-
	William (n) Donn	g the Cultural Revolution, Chinese profes- ties and associations essentially crased to
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C V 6	were being	reconstituted, and their importance with
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respect to substantive S&T affairs is believed to be greater now than at any previous time. The principal reasons for these are twoffall. First, in the aftermath of the Cultural Revolution, no functioning agency of the State Council was capable of coordinating national scientific and technical matters. At that time, responsibility for this national-level coordination defaulted to the SPC. The SPC adopted a practice of using the professional S&T societies as vehicles for S&T planning and coordination in the respective technical areas and disciplines. Next, as Chinese contacts with other nations increased in this period, the professional societies again were employed as a convenient and logical mechanism for S&T interaction.

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- (U) Evaluation of foreign exhibits held in China;
- (U) Participation in negotiations regarding purchases of plants by import-export corporations;
- (l') Examination and establishment of terminologies; and,
 - (U) Determination of themes for technical states